

## The economical splitting of water ...

... into the fuel  $H_2$  and the by-product  $O_2$  requires inexpensive catalysts that operate in aqueous solution and in the presence of  $O_2$ . In their Communication on page 9381 ff., E. Reisner et al. show that a synthetic cobalt catalyst evolves  $H_2$  electro- and photocatalytically under the highly demanding conditions of pH-neutral water and under atmospheric  $O_2$ . The picture shows the preference of the cobalt catalyst for aqueous protons, and the evolution of  $H_2$  bubbles upon irradiation with visible light in air.

